Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 Together with Independent Auditor's Report



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## Bonadio & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

March 23, 2015

To the Board of Directors of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency (the Agency), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Continued)

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the 2014 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Agency as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Report on Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 - 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2015 on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

#### **Report on Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency's basic financial statements. Schedules 1-2 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency's (the Agency) financial position provides an overview of Agency's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with Agency's financial statements and related notes, which follow the MD&A.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets of the Agency exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2014 and 2013 by \$2,144,756 and \$2,233,381, respectively.
- The Agency's net position decreased by \$88,625 and \$40,257 in 2014 and 2013, respectively as a result of 2014 and 2013 operations.
- The Agency's total revenues (operating and non-operating) were \$687,786 and \$717,905 in 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- The Agency's total expenses were \$776,411 and \$758,162 in 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The statement of net position and the statement of revenue, expenses, and change in net position report information about the Agency as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Agency's net position and changes in them from one year to the next. The Agency's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Agency's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Agency's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Consideration should also be given to other factors, such as changes in the Agency's fee income and the fluctuation of the Agency's expenses, to assess the overall health of the Agency.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements also include notes that explain the information in the financial statements. They are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The analysis below summarizes the statements of net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Agency as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012.

Table 1 - Statements of Net Position (000s omitted)

	<u>2014</u> <u>2013</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Assets: Current assets	\$ 1,838	\$	1,952	\$ 1,936
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Restricted and other assets	 681 197		684 237	 708 278
Total assets	 2,716		2,873	 2,922
Liabilities: Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	 52 519		78 <u>561</u>	 44 604
Total liabilities	 571		639	 648
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	 121 147 1,877		83 187 1,963	70 228 1,976
Total net position	\$ 2,145	\$	2,233	\$ 2,274

A large portion of the Agency's net position (87.5% in 2014, 87.9% in 2013 and 86.9% in 2012) is unrestricted and available to meet ongoing and future liabilities. The slight decline in overall net position is due to the return of CDBG funds to the Town of Amherst and the lack of any fees generated by the Town of Amherst Development Corporation, which occurs on a semi-annual basis.

Long-term liabilities consist mainly of the Agency's mortgage on its office building and continue to decline as payments are made.

Overall, the Agency continues to report a positive net position.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013 and 2012.

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position (000s omitted)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Revenues:			
Administrative fees	\$ 678	\$ 657	\$ 762
Application fees	7	4	3
Refund of expenditures Transfer from Town of Amherst	-	22	30
Development Corp	_	28	253
Other and interest income	 3	 6	 4
Total revenues	 688	 717	 1,052
Expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	514	499	492
Town of Amherst - CDBG Funds	40	40	76
Mortgage interest	35	37	37
Professional fees	26	23	24
BNE Participation	20	20	35
Depreciation	27	26	32
Other general and administrative	 114	 112	 111
Total expenses	 776	 757	 807
Change in net position	\$ (89)	\$ (40)	\$ 245

Agency revenues in 2014 decreased from 2013 due to a reduced level of lease agreements and refinancing transactions in 2014 when compared with 2013. Revenue was depressed in 2014 from 2013 due to the lack of tax-exempt financings and Transfer of Development Corporation fees.

Refund of expenditures declined due to the ending of a shared services agreement with the ECIDA, which reimbursed the Agency for a portion of the AIDA's Deputy Director's salary for work on ECIDA projects. ECIDA hired a new CEO/Executive Director at the end of 2013 and the agreement has been terminated.

Expenses increased in 2014 approximately 2%.

#### **FUTURE FACTORS**

The 2015-16 New York State Budget proposed by Governor Cuomo includes provisions that would restrict the ability of Industrial Development Agencies to provide exemptions of State sales and mortgage taxes. It shifts approval of these benefits from local development authorities to the State while adding significant approval timeframes that will jeopardize projects.

The provisions, known as Part W, require an IDA to receive approval from Empire State Development and New York State Tax & Finance. This adds not only time but uncertainty to the process as it is unclear on how far the scope of review reaches as approvals may be necessary for not only the applicant company, but each of its subcontractors and vendors.

In an increasingly competitive marketplace to attract private investment, Part W will only further weaken our ability to attract investment.

#### **CONTACTING AGENCY'S ADMINISTRATION**

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Agency's finances and to show the accountability for the money received. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency, 4287 Main Street, Amherst, NY 14226.

## STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

·	2014	2013
	<u> 2014</u>	<u> 2010</u>
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,794,290 38,435 5,049	\$ 1,871,301 69,696 10,526
Total current assets	1,837,774	1,951,523
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	680,816	683,848
NOTES RECEIVABLE, RELATED PARTY	50,000	50,000
RESTRICTED ASSETS: Restricted for future industrial development loans Cash restricted for mortgage escrow	82,322 64,935	122,357 64,939
Total restricted assets	147,257	187,296
Total assets	2,715,847	2,872,667
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to U.S. Treasury Department Current portion of mortgage payable	10,417 13 41,972	38,836 48 39,534
Total current liabilities	52,402	78,418
MORTGAGE PAYABLE, less current portion	518,689	560,868
Total liabilities	571,091	639,286
NET POSITION		
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED UNRESTRICTED	120,155 147,257 1,877,344	83,446 187,296 1,962,639
Total net position	\$ 2,144,756	\$ 2,233,381

# STATEMENTS OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
OPERATING REVENUE: Administrative fees Application fees Other revenue Refund of expenditures Transfer from Town of Amherst Development Corporation	\$	678,047 6,500 1,550	\$ 657,482 4,000 3,072 22,368 28,190
Total operating revenue		686,097	 715,112
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and benefits, net General and administrative		514,246	 499,144
General and administrative - Town of Amherst - CDBG Funds Building mortgage interest Professional fees Buffalo Niagara Enterprise participation Insurance Maintenance and landscaping Special events and projects Office supplies and postage Equipment rental and repair Telephone Real property taxes Dues and subscriptions Utilities Meetings and conferences Education Marketing		40,000 34,954 26,473 20,000 18,083 16,743 13,993 13,209 10,095 8,761 8,459 7,857 7,536 4,390 2,892 964 712	40,000 37,235 23,371 20,000 16,911 18,552 13,128 11,663 5,435 8,525 7,834 9,666 6,397 4,984 1,213 7,505 580
Auto and travel  Total general and administrative	_	235,121	232,999
Depreciation		27,044	 26,019
Total operating expenses		776,411	 758,162
Operating loss		(90,314)	(43,050)
NON-OPERATING ACTIVITIES - interest income		1,689	 2,793
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(88,625)	(40,257)
NET POSITION - beginning of year		2,233,381	 2,273,638
NET POSITION - end of year	\$	2,144,756	\$ 2,233,381

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Fees and other revenue received Transfers from Town of Amherst Development Corporation Payments to employees and vendors Refund of expenditures	\$ 717,358 - (772,344) -	\$	803,588 28,190 (708,934) 22,368
Net cash flow from operating activities	 (54,986)		145,212
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Additions to property and equipment Principal payments of long-term debt	(24,012) (39,741)		(1,632) (37,458)
Net cash flow from capital and related financing activities	(63,753)		(39,090)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest income Withdrawals from restricted deposits  Net cash flow from investing activities	 1,689 40,039 41,728	_	2,793 40,051 42,844
CHANGE IN CASH	(77,011)		148,966
CASH - beginning of year	 1,871,301		1,722,335
CASH - end of year	\$ 1,794,290	\$	1,871,301
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (90,314)	\$	(43,050)
Depreciation Changes in:	27,044		26,019
Receivables Prepaid insurance Accounts payable Due to U.S. Treasury	 31,261 5,477 (28,419) (35)		139,034 (5,575) 28,836 (52)
Net cash flow from operating activities	\$ (54,986)	\$	145,212

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

#### 1. AGENCY

The Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency (the Agency) is a public benefit corporation created in 1973 in accordance with Article 18-A of New York State (the State) General Municipal Law for the purpose of encouraging financially sound companies to locate and expand in the Town of Amherst, New York (the Town). The Agency is exempt from federal, state and local income taxes. The Agency is a separate entity and operates independently of the Town.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Agency's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for proprietary funds.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

GASB requires the classification of net position into three classifications defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if applicable. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted net position This component of net position consists of amounts which have external constraints placed on their use imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Agency has no restricted net position.
- Unrestricted net position This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets", or "restricted".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use for the same purpose, the Agency uses restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as needed.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Nature of Activities**

• Industrial Development Revenue Bonds

Industrial development revenue bonds issued by the Agency are secured by the properties which are leased to companies and are retired by lease payments. The conduit debt arising from bonds and notes are not obligations of the Agency. The Agency does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from completed bond and note issues in its financial statements since its primary function is to facilitate the financing between the borrowing companies and the bond holders. The Agency receives bond administrative fees from the borrowing companies for providing this service. Such fees are recognized immediately upon issuance of the funds. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no tax-exempt bonds outstanding with an aggregate amount payable.

#### • Lease, Second and Collateral Mortgage Agreements and Other Financing Programs

Lease agreements are used for projects when no financing is needed. Typically the project is financed internally by the company or developer. Second and collateral mortgage agreements are a financing tool used only when there is a mortgage already on the property. There are typically two types of second mortgages available: (1) a fixed asset second mortgage which is used for tenant improvements and/or equipment when the builder/owner needs to borrow additional money; and (2) an equity asset mortgage which is used for permanent working capital when the borrower/owner borrows the appreciated value or equity in an existing building. There are a variety of other financing programs, such as equipment purchase mortgages, leasehold mortgages, installment sales, acquisitions and expansions that the Agency offers to participating companies.

The Agency does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from these activities in its financial statements since its primary function is to arrange the financing. Funds arising therefrom are controlled by trustees or banks acting as fiscal agents. For providing this service, the Agency receives administrative fees from the borrowing companies. Such fees are recognized when earned.

#### • Lease with Mortgage Transactions

Lease agreements with mortgages are used where financing is required but the borrower and lender do not want to enter into a bond transaction. In lease with mortgage transactions, the Agency signs the mortgage to subject its interest in the real property to the lien of the mortgage but does not execute and deliver a bond. The borrower company signs a note and joins in signing the mortgage with the Agency. Agency participation in the mortgage provides for the mortgage tax exemption. Agency policy has been to not take fee title to any additional real estate and instead for all new transactions involving real estate, the Agency takes a leasehold interest in the real estate which is sufficient to provide for real property tax abatement.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Nature of Activities (Continued)**

• Payments in Lieu of Taxes

The Agency has entered into contractual arrangements with each of the client companies that have outstanding industrial development revenue bonds, whereby the client companies make payments in lieu of taxes to the Agency. Upon receipt of such payments, the Agency remits them to various taxing jurisdictions (Town of Amherst, County of Erie and various school districts) within the Town. The Agency does not reflect transactions regarding payments in lieu of taxes in its financial statements since its function in this area is to collect and remit the payment. The Agency does not charge a fee for this service. The Agency collected and remitted \$5,870,464 and \$6,805,324 of payments in lieu of taxes for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### **Related Parties**

The Agency is related to the Town of Amherst Development Corporation (the Corporation), a not-for-profit corporation, through common membership of its Board of Directors.

#### Cash

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, money market funds, and savings accounts.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. Generally accepted accounting principles require the use of the allowance method for recording bad debts. However, the use of the direct write-off method is not materially different from the results that would be obtained under the allowance method. Amounts for which no payments have been received for several months are considered delinquent and when customary collection efforts are exhausted, the account is written-off.

#### Capital Assets

Assets purchased or acquired with a useful life exceeding one year are capitalized. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at fair value at the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. The Agency depreciates assets on the straight-line basis over the asset's estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 10 years.

## **Revenue Recognition**

Operating revenue consists of revenue from fees earned on new projects when bonds are issued, mortgages are issued or a refinancing occurs. The Agency charges an amount equal to 1% of the project amount. For second mortgages, the Agency charges an administrative fee of .50%. For lease assignments and assumptions, the Agency charges an administrative fee of 1%. For the tax exempt financing, the Agency charges an administrative fee of .50%. Fee income is recorded as revenue when the financing closes, regardless of when the related cash is received. For projects receiving a sales tax letter, 25% of the fee is recognized as revenue when the sales tax letter is issued. Fee income received prior to closing is recorded as deferred revenue. The Agency defines non-operating revenue as interest earnings.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Agency is a not-for-profit public benefit corporation and is exempt from income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The Agency's investment policies are governed by State statutes. In addition, the Agency has its own written investment policy. Agency monies must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State and which have a branch office located within the Town. The Agency is authorized to use only demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by federal deposit insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

#### Cash

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Agency's cash was covered by FDIC insurance, or by eligible securities held in the Agency's name by a third-party custodial bank or by the bank's trust department. The Agency's deposits consisted of the following at December 31:

	20	2014		)13
	Bank	Carrying	Bank	Carrying
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Checking accounts Money market account	\$ 82,331	\$ 63,750	\$ 157,532	\$ 143,496
		1,730,540		
	<u>\$ 1,812,871</u>	<u>\$ 1,794,290</u>	<u>\$ 1,885,337</u>	<u>\$ 1,871,301</u>

These deposits were insured or collateralized as follows:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
FDIC insurance	\$ 332,331	\$ 407,532
Collateralized by third party	 1,510,151	 1,507,361
Total FDIC insurance and collateral	\$ 1,842,482	\$ 1,914,893

Restricted cash and equivalents at December 31, 2014 and 2013 consist of the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Community Development Block Grant funds restricted for future industrial development loans - cash on deposit -		
demand accounts	\$ 82,322	\$ 122,357
Funds restricted for mortgage escrow - cash on deposit - escrow accounts	64,935	 64,939
	\$ 147,257	\$ 187,296

The Agency has also designated \$100,000 of unrestricted fund balance at December 31, 2014 and 2013 to be used for future investments.

## 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 100,000	<u>\$</u> _	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Leasehold improvements Equipment Building	18,710 153,668 719,835	4,000 20,012 	- - -	22,710 173,680 719,835
Total capital assets being depreciated	892,213	24,012		916,225
Less: Accumulated depreciation: Leasehold improvements Fixed equipment Buildings	(10,362) (141,728) (156,275)	(2,066) (6,815) (18,163)	- - -	(12,428) (148,543) (174,438)
Total accumulated depreciation	(308,365)	(27,044)		(335,409)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	583,848	(3,032)		580,816
Capital assets, net	\$ 683,848	<u>\$ (3,032)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 680,816</u>
Capital asset activity for the year ended	d December 3	1, 2013 was a	s follows:	
	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 100,000	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 100,000
Capital assets being depreciated: Leasehold improvements Equipment Building  Total capital assets being depreciated	18,710 152,036 719,835 890,581	1,632	- - -	18,710 153,668 719,835 892,213
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Leasehold improvements Fixed equipment Buildings	(8,362) (135,871) (138,113)	(2,000) (5,857) (18,162)	- - -	(10,362) (141,728) (156,275)
Total accumulated depreciation	(282,346)	(26,019)		(308,365)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	608,235	(24,387)		583,848
Capital assets, net	\$ 708,235	<u>\$ (24,387)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 683,848

#### 5. RELATED PARTIES

As discussed further in Note 9, at December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Agency had a \$50,000 non-interest bearing note receivable from the Corporation.

The Agency provides office space and personnel at no cost to the Corporation. It is anticipated that the Agency will begin charging the Corporation for facilities and personnel if and when the amounts provided become financially material.

The Agency received a transfer from the Corporation of \$28,190 for the year ended December 31, 2013. There were no transfers for the year ended December 31, 2014. The transfer was due to the Corporation receiving administrative and refinancing fees related to tax-exempt bond projects during the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### 6. PASS THROUGH GRANTS

The Agency was awarded funds from a Community Development Block Grant in 1985 in the amount of \$200,000 from the Town of Amherst Special Grant Fund. The grant proceeds, and all interest earned thereon, are restricted to use for future loans to be made by the Agency to promote industrial development. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Agency is accountable for the following:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Cash Due to U.S. Treasury Department	\$ 82,322 (13)	\$ 122,357 (48)
	\$ 82,309	\$ 122,309

#### 7. MORTGAGE PAYABLE

The Agency's mortgage with First Niagara Bank amounted to \$560,661 and \$600,402 at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The mortgage bears interest at 6% per year and is payable in 60 monthly installments of \$6,225 comprising of principal and interest through December 31, 2014. At January 1, 2015, the interest rate will adjust daily to 2% above the Regular Fixed Advance Rate offered by the Federal Home Loan Bank of New York for instruments having a term of five years. However, in no event will the rate fall below 6%. Payments will be made in 60 monthly installments based on a 10-year amortization of the outstanding balance at January 1, 2015. A balloon payment for the remaining balance is due in January 2020. The terms of the mortgage require the Agency to maintain a restricted deposit with the bank which amounted to \$64,935 and \$64,939 at December 31, 2014 and 2013.

The mortgage requires the Agency to maintain a minimum debt coverage ratio of 1.2 to 1. The Agency obtained a waiver related to the minimum debt coverage covenant as of December 31, 2014 and 2013.

#### 7. MORTGAGE PAYABLE (Continued)

The aggregate maturity of the mortgage payable for the years ending December 31 is as follows:

2015	\$ 41,972
2016	44,561
2017	47,309
2018	50,227
2019	53,325
Thereafter	 323,267
	\$ 560,661

Long-term debt relating to the Agency consisted of the following at December 31,

	Beginning Balance <u>2014</u>	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>	Long-term Portion 2014
Mortgage – First Niagara Bank	\$ 600,402	<u>\$</u>	\$ (39,741)	<u>\$ (41,972)</u>	<u>\$ 518,689</u>
	Beginning Balance 2013	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>	Long-term Portion 2013
Mortgage – First Niagara Bank	<u>\$ 637,860</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (37,458)	\$ (39,534)	\$ 560,868

Cash paid for interest amounted to \$34,954 and \$37,235 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

## 8. PENSION PLAN

The Agency sponsors a defined contribution pension plan covering all employees who are age 21 or older and have completed one year of service. Contributions to the plan are made by the Agency at the rate of 7.7% of the employee's compensation. Employees are required to contribute at least 3% but not over 10% of their compensation. The total amount of expense relating to the plan incurred by the Agency amounted to \$27,018 and \$29,599 during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

#### 9. COMMITMENTS

The Agency has entered into an agreement with several other entities to stimulate economic development through debt or equity investment in technology start-ups in Western New York. This is being done through the Western New York Business Development Fund. Among other things the agreement calls for the Agency to make a maximum commitment to fund investments in the amount of \$150,000. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Agency has funded \$50,000. This has been accomplished by the Agency loaning the funds to the Corporation, which in turn made investment in local businesses.

## Bonadio & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 23, 2015

To the Board of Directors of Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Town of Amherst Industrial Development Agency (the Agency) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

(Continued)

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

## SCHEDULE OF FINANCING ACTIVITY 1979 - 2014

	<u>Date Issued</u>	Basis for Computing Administrative <u>Fees</u>
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT REVENUE BONDS	1979	\$ 2,090,000
	1980	10,599,000
	1981	4,030,000
	1982	5,375,000
	1983	4,305,000
	1984	24,809,665
	1985	28,593,000
	1986	20,565,250
	1987	26,520,200
	1988 1989	50,173,000 31,270,000
	1990	17,217,000
	1991	28,473,300
	1992	13,541,452
	1993	20,697,393
	1994	19,381,125
	1995	16,700,291
	1996	45,622,164
	1997	67,256,562
	1998	34,667,822
	1999	58,229,176
	2000	81,840,506
	2001	31,662,263
	2002 2003	20,975,000 7,985,516
Total industrial development revenue bonds		672,579,685
LEAGE AGREEMENTO	4000	45 000 000
LEASE AGREEMENTS	1988	15,200,000
	1989 1990	9,150,421 7,001,692
	1990	15,935,832
	1993	1,306,428
	1994	25,928,673
	1995	750,000
	1997	500,000
	1999	1,503,455
	2000	19,660,620
	2001	2,577,833
	2002	41,792,658
	2003	6,503,499
	2004	32,290,592
	2005	52,124,726
	2006 2007	41,785,178 35,484,598
	2007	35,484,598 32,236,000
	2010	14,960,000
	2010	28,990,300
	2012	43,605,993
	2013	48,461,796
	2014	51,307,547
Total lease agreements		529,057,841

## SCHEDULE OF FINANCING ACTIVITY 1979 - 2014

	Date Issued	Basis for Computing Administrative <u>Fees</u>
SECOND MORTGAGE AGREEMENTS	1988	1,110,000
	1989	250,000
	1990	1,585,000
	1992	125,000
	1995	95,000
	1996	1,985,000
	1997	1,000,000
	2001	287,000
	2002	800,000
	2003	4,655,957
	2004	2,600,000
	2005	235,000
	2006	874,000
	2007	2,662,798
	2008 2010	3,625,984
	2010	1,150,000 2,872,551
	2012	124,309
Total second mortgage agreements		26,037,599
THIRD MORTGAGE AGREEMENTS	2010	2,800,000
TIMO MORTOROE AGREEMENTO	2011	700,000
Total third mortgage agreements		3,500,000
MORTGAGE AND MODIFICATION TRANSACTIONS	2009	250,000
ASSIGNMENT OF LEASES	2002	5,048,750
	2004	17,029,930
	2005	13,861,726
	2006	10,500,000
	2007	12,967,258
	2012	3,800,000
	2013	6,005,000
Total assignment of leases		69,212,664
COLLATERAL MORTGAGES	1991	200,000
	1992	530,000
	1994	673,000
	1996	300,000
	2003	1,576,915
Total collateral mortgages		3,279,915
EQUIPMENT PURCHASE MORTGAGES	1994	1,850,000
	1995	824,064
Total equipment purchase mortgages		2,674,064
LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS	1994	1,020,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these schedules. (Continued)

## SCHEDULE OF FINANCING ACTIVITY 1979 - 2014

	<u>Date Issued</u>	Basis for Computing Administrative <u>Fees</u>
INSTALLMENT SALES	1991	466,494
	1993	312,000
	1994	303,113
	1996	3,854,000
	1997	918,631
	1998	2,361,315
	2000 2001	61,069,108
	2001	2,338,546 1,757,976
	2003	12,763,495
	2005	8,474,818
	2006	9,830,000
	2007	32,085,780
	2008	18,870,000
	2009	15,443,508
	2010	6,580,000
	2011	28,500,000
	2012	25,197,500
	2013	8,500,000
Total installment sales		239,626,284
ACQUISITIONS	1994	2,865,700
EXPANSIONS	1995	1,300,000
REFINANCING TRANSACTIONS	2001	8,600,000
	2002	960,000
	2003	559,750
	2004	5,491,750
	2005	26,384,367
	2006	20,327,894
	2007	24,808,265
	2008	34,860,000
	2009	5,380,779
	2012	7,380,737
	2013	1,495,802
	2014	2,611,953
Total refinancing transactions		138,861,297
TAX EXEMPT BONDS	2007	14,860,000
PROJECTS WITH PREDETERMINED FEES	2001	46,121,000
PROJECTS WITH PREDETERMINED FEES	2007	866,686,576
Total basis for computing administrative fee		\$ 2,617,932,625

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED FINANCING ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Date Issued	Basis for Computing dministrative <u>Fees</u>
LEASE AGREEMENTS:		
Iskalo 5000 Main, LLC	5/14	\$ 9,600,000
Old Dutchman's Wrought Iron, Inc.	11/14	1,534,797
1097 Group, LLC-1 350 Eggert Rd.	11/14	5,804,000
Uniland Part -480/490 Crosspoint	5/14	14,493,750
Iskalo 5020 Main, LLC	1/14	 19,875,000
		 51,307,547
REFINANCING TRANSACTIONS:		
Uniland Part - 480 Crosspoint	5/14	2,558,789
Bompa Dev. Corp., LLC	5/14	 53,164
		 2,611,953
Total 2014 Projects		\$ 53,919,500