

**SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET  
SECURITIZATION CORPORATION**

**Watkins Glen, New York**

**FINANCIAL REPORT**

**December 31, 2012**

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION

DECEMBER 31, 2012

Independent Auditor's Report .....	1-1a
Required Supplementary Information:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis .....	2-2c
Basic Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position .....	3
Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities .....	4
Notes to Financial Statements .....	5-12
Report Required Under Government Auditing Standards:	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .....	13-14

---

John H. Dietershagen, C.P.A.  
Jerry E. Mickelson, C.P.A.  
Thomas K. Van Derzee, C.P.A.  
Debbie Conley Jordan, C.P.A.  
Patrick S. Jordan, C.P.A.  
Duane R. Shoen, C.P.A.  
Lesley L. Horner, C.P.A.  
D. Leslie Spurgin, C.P.A.

---



## Ciaschi • Dietershagen • Little • Mickelson & Company, LLP

*Certified Public Accountants and Consultants*

---

Frederick J. Ciaschi, C.P.A.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors  
Schuyler Tobacco Asset  
Securitization Corporation  
Watkins Glen, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Schuyler Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of the County of Schuyler, State of New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

- 1 -

---

#### **CORTLAND**

39 Church Street  
Cortland, New York 13045  
607-753-7439  
fax 607-753-7874

#### **ITHACA**

401 East State Street ~ Suite 500  
Ithaca, New York 14850  
607-272-4444  
fax 607-273-8372  
[www.cdllm.com](http://www.cdllm.com)

#### **WATKINS GLEN**

108 West Fourth Street  
Watkins Glen, New York 14891  
607-535-4443  
fax 607-535-6220

## ***Opinions***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Schuyler Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## ***Other Matters***

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 2-2c be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 1, 2013 on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



March 1, 2013  
Ithaca, New York

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Schuyler Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation's (the Corporation) financial performance for fiscal years ended December 31, 2012. This section is a summary of the Corporation's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the Government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The Corporation is a component unit of the County of Schuyler, State of New York. The Corporation was organized as a local development corporation pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Net deficit for the year ended December 31, 2012 amounted to \$(4,009,158), reflecting a deficit increase of \$(156,505) from a net deficit of \$(3,852,653) at December 31, 2011.
- Total fund balance of \$593,929 showed a decrease of \$(40,706) in 2012, from \$634,635 in 2011.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of two parts: MD&A (this section) and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements present different views of the Corporation.

- The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities columns shown in the financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Corporation's overall financial status.
- The Governmental Fund Type columns are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Corporation.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

#### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities Columns

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities columns in the basic financial statements report information about the Corporation as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two columns in the basic financial statements report the Corporation's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the Corporation's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the Corporation's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Corporation's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Governmental Fund Type Columns

The Governmental Fund type columns are accounting devices the Corporation uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending. The Corporation's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which generally focus on (1) cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the Governmental Funds columns provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Corporation's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities columns, additional information in the notes to the financial statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION AS A WHOLE**

The Corporation's total net assets for fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 decreased by \$(156,505). Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (*Figure 1*) and changes in net assets (*Figure 2*) of the Corporation's Governmental Activities.

**Figure 1**

<b>Condensed Statement of Net Position</b>	<b>Governmental Activities and Total Corporation</b>		<b>Total Dollar Change</b>
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011 - 2012</b>
<i>Current assets</i>	\$ 634,635	\$ 593,929	\$ (40,706)
<i>Noncurrent assets</i>	90,957	85,634	(5,323)
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>725,592</b>	<b>679,563</b>	<b>(46,029)</b>
<i>Current liabilities</i>	260,573	335,265	74,692
<i>Noncurrent liabilities</i>	4,317,672	4,353,456	35,784
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>4,578,245</b>	<b>4,688,721</b>	<b>110,476</b>
<i>Restricted for debt service</i>	268,312	270,949	2,637
<i>Unrestricted net assets</i>	(4,120,965)	(4,280,107)	(159,142)
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ (3,852,653)</b>	<b>\$ (4,009,158)</b>	<b>\$ (156,505)</b>

The decrease in current assets stems primarily from a decrease in cash of \$(50,909), and an increase in the tobacco settlement receivable of \$10,000. The tobacco settlement receivable and revenue were higher in the current year because previous receivable estimates were understated. The decrease in noncurrent assets is due to the annual amortization of bond issuance costs. The increase in noncurrent liabilities is due to the annual increase of accreted interest attributable to the Series 2005 bond issue, offset by principal and interest payments made during the year. See Note 4 of the financial statements for more information about debt transactions during the year.

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Our analysis in *Figure 2* considers the operations of the Corporation's activities.

**Figure 2**

<b>Changes in Net Position</b>	<b>Governmental Activities and Total Corporation</b>		<b>Total Dollar Change</b>
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011 - 2012</b>
<i>Revenues:</i>			
<i>Tobacco settlement proceeds</i>	\$ 249,672	\$ 276,680	\$ 27,008
<i>Interest income</i>	123	80	(43)
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>249,795</b>	<b>276,760</b>	<b>26,965</b>
<i>Expenses:</i>			
<i>Insurance expense</i>	2,231	2,271	40
<i>Professional fees</i>	23,535	23,611	76
<i>Interest expense</i>	317,459	324,549	7,090
<i>Amortization of bond issuance costs</i>	5,323	5,324	1
<i>Other expenses</i>	2,528	2,510	(18)
<i>Transfer to Schuyler County</i>	8,735	75,000	66,265
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>359,811</b>	<b>433,265</b>	<b>73,454</b>
<b>(INCREASE) IN NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ (110,016)</b>	<b>\$ (156,505)</b>	<b>\$ (46,489)</b>

Total revenues increased 10.8% due to increased tobacco settlement proceeds. Total expenses increased by 20.4%, primarily due to an increased transfer of administrative expense to Schuyler County.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION'S FUNDS

*Figure 3* shows the changes in fund balance for the year. As the Corporation completed the year, its Governmental Funds, as presented in the basic financial statements, reported a combined fund balance of \$593,929, which is (6.4)% below last year's total of \$634,635.

**Figure 3**

<b>Governmental Fund Balances</b>			<b>Total Dollar Change</b>
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011 - 2012</b>
<i>General Fund</i>	\$ 634,635	\$ 593,929	\$ (40,706)

#### DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Debt, considered a liability of Governmental Activities, increased by \$110,784 in 2012, as shown in *Figure 4*, mainly due to the annual increase of accreted interest of \$164,040 attributable to the Series 2005 issue, offset by principal payments made of \$60,000.

**Figure 4**

<b>Outstanding Debt</b>	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Total Dollar Change</b>
	<b>2011</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011 - 2012</b>
<i>Bonds payable</i>	\$ 4,565,927	\$ 4,676,711	\$ 110,784

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

Additional information and the maturities and terms of the Corporation's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to these financial statements.

**FACTORS BEARING ON THE CORPORATION'S FUTURE**

- The Corporation does not anticipate any significant changes in tobacco settlement receipts for the year ended December 31, 2013.
- In 2013, the Corporation anticipates a transfer of up to \$2,500 to Schuyler County.

**CONTACTING THE CORPORATION'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide the Corporation's citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Corporation's finances and to demonstrate the Corporation's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Schuyler County, at 105 9th Street, Watkins Glen, NY 14891.



SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Governmental Fund Type <u>General</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of Net Position
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,919	\$	\$ 60,919
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	270,949		270,949
Tobacco settlement receivable	260,000		260,000
Prepaid expenses	2,061		2,061
Total Current Assets	<u>593,929</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>593,929</u>
Bond issuance and closing costs, net		85,634	85,634
Total Assets	<u>\$ 593,929</u>	<u>85,634</u>	<u>679,563</u>
<b><u>LIABILITIES</u></b>			
Current Liabilities:			
Accrued interest payable	\$	12,010	12,010
Current portion of bonds payable, net		323,255	323,255
Total Current Liabilities	<u>-0-</u>	<u>335,265</u>	<u>335,265</u>
Long-term Liabilities:			
Bonds payable, net		3,420,013	3,420,013
Accreted interest		933,443	933,443
Total Long-term Liabilities	<u>-0-</u>	<u>4,353,456</u>	<u>4,353,456</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>-0-</u>	<u>4,688,721</u>	<u>4,688,721</u>
<b><u>FUND BALANCE/NET DEFICIT</u></b>			
Fund Balance:			
Restricted for debt service	270,949	(270,949)	-0-
Unassigned	322,980	(322,980)	-0-
Total Fund Balance	<u>593,929</u>	<u>(593,929)</u>	<u>-0-</u>
Net Position:			
Restricted for debt service		270,949	270,949
Unrestricted		(4,280,107)	(4,280,107)
Total Net Position	<u>-0-</u>	<u>(4,009,158)</u>	<u>(4,009,158)</u>
Total Fund Balance/Net Position	<u>\$ 593,929</u>	<u>\$ (4,603,087)</u>	<u>\$ (4,009,158)</u>

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Financial Statements

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

<b><u>REVENUE</u></b>	Governmental <u>Fund Type</u> <u>General</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Activities</u>
Tobacco settlement proceeds	\$ 276,680	\$	\$ 276,680
Interest income	<u>80</u>	<u></u>	<u>80</u>
Total Revenues	<u>276,760</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>276,760</u>
 <b><u>EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES</u></b>			
Insurance expense	2,271		2,271
Professional fees	23,611		23,611
Debt service	214,074	110,475	324,549
Amortization of bond issuance and closing costs		5,324	5,324
Other expenditures/expenses	<u>2,510</u>	<u></u>	<u>2,510</u>
Total Expenditures/Expenses	<u>242,466</u>	<u>115,799</u>	<u>358,265</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES)	34,294	(115,799)	(81,505)
Other Financing (Uses):			
Transfers (out)	<u>(75,000)</u>	<u></u>	<u>(75,000)</u>
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(75,000)	-0-	(75,000)
Excess of (Expenditures/Expenses) and Other Financing (Uses)	(40,706)	(115,799)	(156,505)
Fund Balance/Net (Deficit), January 1,	<u>634,635</u>	<u>(4,487,288)</u>	<u>(3,852,653)</u>
Fund Balance/Net (Deficit), December 31,	<u>\$ 593,929</u>	<u>\$ (4,603,087)</u>	<u>\$ (4,009,158)</u>

See Independent Auditor's Report and Notes to Financial Statements

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Schuyler Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (the Corporation) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the Corporation's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Corporation is a component unit of the County of Schuyler, State of New York. The Corporation was organized as a local development corporation pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York. The Corporation is one of 17 New York County Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporations (TASC) created in 2000 for the purpose of purchasing the tobacco settlement rights from each respective county, then issuing the net proceeds of bonds to the New York Counties Tobacco Trust I (NYCTT). The trust in turn issued \$227,130,000 aggregate principal amount Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds - Series 2000, dated December 7, 2000. The Trust bonds represent a direct, pass-through interest in the corresponding TASC bonds. All payments of the TASC bonds will be made directly by the Trust with the future proceeds of the Tobacco Settlement Revenues.

The Corporation, along with 23 other counties, created a trust known as the New York Counties Tobacco Trust V (NYCTTV) in order to issue \$199,375,348 aggregate principal amount of Tobacco Settlement Pass-Through Bonds (Series 2005 NYCTT Bonds). Series 2005 NYCTT Bonds, issued on November 29, 2005, represent a direct, pass-through interest in corresponding TASC bonds held by the Trust and are subordinate to the prior bonds issued. The Series 2005 TASC bonds are subject to the rights of holders of the prior bonds, payable solely from, and secured solely by, the collections and the funds and accounts pledged by the respective TASC Indenture. The collections of the Schuyler TASC will be comprised of the TSRs remaining after payment of the prior bonds and investment earnings on funds and accounts established under the TASC's Indenture. The Corporation Series 2005 TASC Bonds are also payable from certain amounts released from Liquidity Reserve Accounts upon retirement of the prior bonds and amounts released from Trapping Accounts.

There are no scheduled principal and interest payments on the Series 2005 bonds other than on their respective maturity dates. However, the bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity through turbo redemption payments made from surplus collections on deposit in the turbo redemption account, as provided in the bond indenture. Redemption of the Series 2005 bonds will be in order of maturity date at a price equal to their accreted value.

The Corporation is controlled by a group of four directors who are appointed by the Chair of the Schuyler County Legislature. At this time, two directors are members of the County Legislature, one is a member of the management team of the County, and one member has no affiliation with the County. The Corporation is deemed to be a component unit of Schuyler County and is presented in the annual financial statements of Schuyler County as a discretely presented component unit.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Corporation's basic financial statements include columns for Governmental Fund types prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting (Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance), and columns for Governmental Activities prepared on the accrual basis of accounting (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities).

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present summaries of activities for the Corporation. The focus of these columns is the sustainability of the Corporation as an entity and the change in the Corporation's net assets from the current year's activities.

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities.

The Corporation records its transactions in the fund types described below:

Fund Categories

Governmental Fund Types - funds through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources, and the related liabilities are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus of the Governmental Funds is based upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. The following is the Corporation's Governmental Fund Type:

General Fund - the principal operating fund which includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds.

C. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures and the related assets and liabilities are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus. Measurement focus is the determination of what is measured, i.e. expenditures or expenses.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Corporation gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Corporation considers all revenues reported in the Governmental Funds to be available if the revenues are collected within six months after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

D. Equity Classifications

1. Statement of Net Position

- Restricted Net Assets

Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

- Unrestricted Net Assets  
Consists of all other net assets that do not meet the definition of “restricted.”

2. Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Constraints are broken into five classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These classifications serve to inform readers of the financial statements of the extent to which the government is bound to honor any constraints on specific purposes for which resources in a fund can be spent.

- Nonspendable  
Consists of assets inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact; including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale, and endowments principal.
- Restricted  
Consists of amounts subject to legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and enforced externally; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed  
Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint imposed by formal action of the government’s highest level of decision-making authority prior to the end of the fiscal year, which requires the same level of formal action to remove said constraint.
- Assigned  
Consists of amounts subject to a purpose constraint representing an intended use established by the government’s highest level of decision-making authority, or their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund. In funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.
- Unassigned  
Represents the residual classification of the government’s General Fund, and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should only be used to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes.

The Corporation has not adopted any resolutions to commit fund balance, nor has the Corporation authorized the assignment of fund balance. Furthermore, the Corporation does not receive restricted funds.

E. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

F. Annual Budget

While the Board approves an annual budget, it is not considered a legally adopted budget and, therefore, is not required to be reported under generally accepted accounting principles.

Note 2 - Explanation of Certain Differences between Governmental Fund Columns and the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities Columns

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the Governmental Fund Type columns and the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities columns, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the Governmental Funds.

A. Total Fund Balance of Governmental Fund vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balance of the Corporation's Governmental Fund differs from "net position" of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet.

Total Fund Balance of Governmental Fund vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balance as reported in the Governmental Fund Type column	\$	593,929
---	----	---------

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Governmental Funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year end were:

Bonds payable	\$ (3,842,013)	
Less: unamortized discount	<u>98,745</u>	(3,743,268)

Interest on long-term debt is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Governmental Fund. The balance of accrued interest payable at year end was:

Accrued interest payable	(12,010)
Accreted Interest on Series 2005 Bonds	(933,443)

Bond issuance and closing costs are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Governmental Fund because they are not due and receivable in the current period. The balance of unamortized bond issuance and closing costs at year end was:

	<u>85,634</u>	
Total Net (Deficit) as Reported in the Statement of Net Position	\$	<u><u>(4,009,158)</u></u>

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

B. Governmental Fund Type Operating Statement vs. the Statement of Activities:

Differences between the Governmental Fund Type column in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities column are as follows:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the Governmental Fund financial statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statements of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as reported in the Governmental Fund Type column	\$ 317,466
--	------------

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the Governmental Funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The decrease in interest reported in the Statement of Activities is the result of a decrease in accrued interest on bonds payable.	(308)
--	-------

Amortization of bond issuance and closing costs and the bond discount are recorded as expenditures in the Statement of Activities. However, these expenditures are recorded when incurred, rather than amortized, in the Governmental Fund.	12,067
---	--------

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	(60,000)
--	----------

Interest is accreted on 2005 series bonds but is not paid until maturity.	<u>164,040</u>
---	----------------

Total Expenses of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	<u>\$ 433,265</u>
--	-------------------

There were no differences in revenues in 2012.

Note 3 - Detail Notes

A. Assets

1. Cash and Investments

The Corporation's investment policies are governed by state statutes. In addition, the Corporation follows its written investment policy. The Corporation's monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

The written investment policy requires repurchase agreements to be purchased from banks located within the state and underlying securities to be obligations of the federal government. Underlying securities must have a market value of at least the cost of the repurchase agreements.

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Cash and cash equivalents include all monies in banks and highly liquid investments with maturity dates of three months or less.

Total financial institution (bank) balances at December 31, 2012, per the bank, were \$331,868. Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$270,949 represent amounts held in a mandated TASC liquidity reserve, in the amount of \$267,812, comprised of US Treasury money market funds, a mandated bond trapping account in the amount of \$3,116 and a bond debt service fund of \$21, all comprised of money market funds. The average yield on these accounts is 0.01%. Net assets and fund balance have been restricted for this amount.

**Note 4 - Long-term Debt**

The following is a summary of the Corporation's long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2012:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding December 31, 2012
Tobacco Settlement Pass-through Bonds 2000	12/00	6/23	5.25%-6.30%	\$ 2,345,000
Less: unamortized bond discount				(66,160)
Carrying Value of Series 2000 Bonds				2,278,840
Tobacco Settlement Pass-through Bonds 2005	11/05	6/60	6.00%-7.85%	1,497,013
Less: unamortized bond discount				(32,585)
Add: interest accretion				933,443
Carrying Value of Series 2005 Bonds				2,397,871
Total Pass-through Bonds				<u>\$ 4,676,711</u>

Interest on long-term debt paid during the year was:

Interest paid	\$ 154,074
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year	(12,319)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year	12,010
Change in accreted interest	164,040
Amortization of bond discount	6,744
Total Expense	<u>\$ 324,549</u>

Interest paid on the serial bonds varies from year to year, in accordance with the interest rates specified in the bond agreements.

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds payable	\$ 3,902,013	\$	\$ (60,000)	\$ 3,842,013	\$ 330,000
Less: Bond discount	(105,489)		6,744	(98,745)	(6,745)
Add: interest accretion	769,403	164,040		933,443	
Total Bonds Payable and Accreted Interest	<u>\$ 4,565,927</u>	<u>\$ 164,040</u>	<u>\$ (53,256)</u>	<u>\$ 4,676,711</u>	<u>\$ 323,255</u>



SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

A. Series 2000 Bonds

The following is a summary of the debt service for the Series 2000 bond issue.

	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 330,000	\$ 135,698	\$ 465,698
2014	140,000	126,948	266,948
2015	150,000	117,726	267,726
2016	160,000	107,795	267,795
2017	160,000	97,465	257,465
2018-2022	1,190,000	276,487	1,466,487
2023	215,000	7,122	222,122
Total	<u>2,345,000</u>	<u>869,241</u>	<u>3,214,241</u>

During 2012, 2011 and 2010, the Corporation did not receive adequate tobacco settlement receipts to cover the turbo redemption payment on the serial bonds by \$70,000, \$65,000 and \$60,000, respectively. This does not represent a default as turbo redemption payments are not required payments. The Corporation is allowed to make up the shortfall if the funds are available. Therefore, the cumulative \$195,000 underpayment is classified as a current liability.

B. Series 2005 Bonds

The Series 2005 bonds are capital appreciation bonds, upon which the investment return on the initial principal amount is reinvested at a compounded rate until maturity. There are no scheduled principal and interest payments on the Series 2005 bonds other than on their respective maturity dates, at which time a single payment is made representing both the initial principal amount and the total investment return.

The Series 2005 bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity through turbo redemption payments which are to be made from surplus collections on deposit, as provided in the Bond Indenture. The amounts and timing of the turbo redemption payments are based on projections of future tobacco settlement receipts less amounts needed to satisfy debt service on the Series 2000 bonds and to satisfy operating requirements. Failure to make such turbo redemption payments will not, however, constitute an event of default.

The projected turbo redemption payments are presented in the table below. It is expected that the Corporation will make payments based on this amortization. The table entitled "Accreted Interest" represents the compounded interest that will be expended each year and added to the carrying value of the bonds.

The Series 2005 bonds are as follows:

Description of Issue	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Principal
Series 2005 S1 Capital Appreciation Bond	11/05	6/38	6.00%	\$ 455,180
Series 2005 S2 Capital Appreciation Bond	11/05	6/50	6.10%	282,005
Series 2005 S3 Capital Appreciation Bond	11/05	6/55	6.85%	201,844
Series 2005 S4B Capital Appreciation Bond	11/05	6/60	7.85%	557,984
Total				<u>\$ 1,497,013</u>

SCHUYLER TOBACCO ASSET SECURITIZATION CORPORATION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The following is the projected debt service for the Series 2005 bonds from TASC turbo redemption payments, which is based on a forecast of future tobacco settlement receipts available after payment of the Series 2000 bonds:

	Projected Principal	Projected Interest	Total Debt Service
2015	\$ 49,031	\$ 36,974	\$ 86,005
2016	60,008	51,664	111,672
2017-2021	326,383	401,643	728,026
2022-2026	482,051	1,103,493	1,585,544
2027-2031	328,372	1,645,154	1,973,526
2032-2036	233,120	1,850,006	2,083,126
2037	18,048	186,144	204,192
Estimated Amount Due at Maturity	<u>\$ 1,497,013</u>	<u>\$ 5,275,078</u>	<u>\$ 6,772,091</u>

The following is a summary of the amount of accretion on the Series 2005 capital appreciation bonds assuming the projected debt service amortization:

	Amount of Yearly Accretion
2013	\$ 168,740
2014	180,518
2015	190,377
2016	197,715
2017	204,730
2018-2022	1,127,990
2023-2027	1,161,894
2028-2032	842,810
2033-2037	266,861
Future Total Accretion	4,341,635
Cumulative Accreted Interest 12/31/12	933,443
Principal	<u>1,497,013</u>
Estimated Total Debt Service	<u>\$ 6,772,091</u>

---

John H. Dietershagen, C.P.A.  
Jerry E. Mickelson, C.P.A.  
Thomas K. Van Derzee, C.P.A.  
Debbie Conley Jordan, C.P.A.  
Patrick S. Jordan, C.P.A.  
Duane R. Shoen, C.P.A.  
Lesley L. Horner, C.P.A.  
D. Leslie Spurgin, C.P.A.

---



**Ciaschi • Dietershagen • Little • Mickelson  
& Company, LLP**

*Certified Public Accountants and Consultants*

---

Frederick J. Ciaschi, C.P.A.

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE  
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN  
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Directors  
Schuyler Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation  
Watkins Glen, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Schuyler Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of the County of Schuyler, State of New York, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 1, 2013.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Corporation's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

- 13 -

---

**CORTLAND**

39 Church Street  
Cortland, New York 13045  
607-753-7439  
fax 607-753-7874

---

**ITHACA**

401 East State Street ~ Suite 500  
Ithaca, New York 14850  
607-272-4444  
fax 607-273-8372  
[www.cdlim.com](http://www.cdlim.com)

---

**WATKINS GLEN**

108 West Fourth Street  
Watkins Glen, New York 14891  
607-535-4443  
fax 607-535-6220

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



March 1, 2013  
Ithaca, New York